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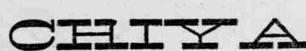
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75 Cents a Month.

Delegate's Policy Opposed by W. O. Smith.

AN INJUSTICE TO HAWAIIANS

He Favors Maintenance of the Molokai Settlement Under Direction of Territory.

favor in Honolulu. W. O. Smith, who, ed would be a grievous wrong. for thirty years was identified with the affairs of the settlement as a member of the Board of Health and stackwise, feels a deep interest in the matter. He said yesterday:

"I think it is a very wrong thing to attempt, as I think it would be a great injury and an injustice to the Hawaiians and others of the Hawaiian Islands, who are now resident at the se :tlement. I think I gave my views in detail on this subject in the Advertiser the latter part of 1900."

in the Advertiser of November 17, 1900, cordant music. She can extend her is as pertinent today as a year ago, and reads as follows:

Honolulu, H. I., Nov. 15, 1900. Editor Advertiser: - The suggestion which has been made from time to time in the past, and now seems to be receiv-ing consideration in certain quarters, that lepers in the United States be sent to the settlement at Molokal, seems to deserve more than passing notice.

It would not seem that such a propo sition could be seriously considered any more than the proposition to send all those affileted with any other disease be sent to Molokai, and later the authorities at Samoa desired that certain lepers bus, diarrhoea, dysentery, and cramps there should also be sent. In both in- in the stomach or limbs. It is good stances the consent was not given, and for external or internal use, and can the reasons for refusal are as potent now be used with equal effect for man or

injustice to them and to Hawaii. To the great majority of the people of the United States these Islands are a foreign country, and to send persons afflicted with disease to a foreign country, from three to five thousand miles from home, among a strange people, whose language they cannot understand, with whose customs and ways and food they are unacquainted and unaccustomed, would in any case be outrageous; but especially with leprosy, a disease which in so many cases gradually renders the person unable to care for himself, and needing the assistance of others, and with the depression and woe that comes from the hopelessness of the case,

It would be a great wrong to these Islands to make them the dumping place for all lepers of the country, and cause them to be looked upon as a pest And it would be a wrong to the Hawaiians who live at the settlement to have people from foreign countries-unacquainted with them and their habits, traditions and sympathies-forced upon them and perhaps in considerable numbers. Furthermore, the introduction of such people would doubtless become a and we'll guarantee you greater comdisturbing element in that peaceful com-

The presence of leprosy and the caring for the sick has been a most severe and trying experience to the Hawaiians and people of these Islands.

Leprosy was introduced into these Islands from a foreign country and spread among the native people until measures had to be taken for the protection of the community. The problem presented was a very serious one, and in view of the conditions of the population, the ways and habits of the people, it was deemed castle & cooke co., Ld. gated from the well, and after various experiments, this spot on the Island of Molokai was selected for the permanent settlement, and for thirty-five years, with great pains and at great cost, the lepers have been gathered up from the various parts of the Islands and taken to this settlement. Here cottages have been provided for them; the home life has been maintained as far as possible. their wants supplied by the government at public expense, and a community of over a thousand persons is living there

in peace and harmony. The separation of families—parents from children, wives from husbands, prothers from sisters—has been a terrible experience, and the result of disease

The Standard Oil Company.

The George F. Blake Steam Pumps.

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The New England Mutual Life Insurble New England Mutual Life from children, wives from husbands, brothers from sisters-has been a terrible experience, and the result of disease brought to this people from abroad. First, a large portion of the native people were tainted by disease brought by sailors and others, producing conditions favorable to the production of other dis

In this soil the germs of leprosy seemed to run riot, and a great curse came upon the people. Over six thousand persons have been taken to this settlement at Molokal since its establishment. There are now 1,010 persons there afflicted with the disease, of the following nationalities:

With the exception of the Bishop Home for Girls and the Baldwin Home for Boys, there is no hospital at the settlement. The premises cover an area of land from three to four miles in length and two miles in width at the widest point, and the people live in cottages and maintain the home life to which they are accustomed, and form a remarkably harmonious and peaceful community.

In certain cases as the patient becomes helpless from the loss of fingers and hands, or paralysis, friends are allowed to go there to care for them. These are kokuas (helpers), and in very many cases the misery and wee of the final long-drawn-out end has been much relieved and mitigated by the ministra-

tions of such friends. Furthermore there is weekly communication with Honolulu, and the mails and supplies are brought; necessary articles and comforts are sent by friends,

done to mitigate the sufferings. But what could a person from New England, or Louisiana, or the Northwest, be he man or woman, young girl or boy, do if brought so far from home and friends and associations, and forced into these strange environments, and so hope essly and so completely buried?

It is hard to believe that the proposi tion can be seriously considered by intelligent and responsible people. The responsibility is upon each State and Ter-ritory and city to care for its own sick and helpless and what right has even the Federal government to force upon community those afflicted with a loathsome disease?

Each State can provide a pleace for its lepers and care for them in the country, and under the surroundings with which they are familiar where they can communicate and receive sympathy of their friends and those dear to them. The only possible reason that can be given why the lepers from the other parts of the country should be sent to Hawaii is that this little country has worked out its own problem so well and provided so intelligently, and solved the difficulty so wisely that others desire the benefit of the provision that has been made for

Now, why cannot each State make provisions for its own; taking lessons from and profiting by, if necessary, the experience of Hawaii, but facing its own respons!bilities and duties.

Under the wise and humane course pursued in these Islands leprosy is disappearing, and there is cause to hope that in time it will be wholly eradicated. The task has been surrounded with the Delegate Wilcox's bill recently intro- greatest difficulties, and has taxed the duced in Congress providing for the use of the government and the skill of the physicians. To have new and adof the Leper Settlement on Molokai for ditional complications and burdens addall lepers in the United States, finds no ed at this stage in the manner indicat-WILLIAM O. SMITH.

THE POSSIBILITIES OF PAIN. The possibilities of pain are under-stood in the full by few. In the old days of the thumbscrew and the rack, the boot and the wheel, the study of anatomy was carried on to serve a devflish ingenuity in devising methods of torture more cruel and more slow. The story of the sufferings of those who underwent the ordeal of the torture seems incredible; yet every pain of these tortures has been duplicated by Nature. She can rack the body by rheumatic pains. On the overstrained Mr. Smith's statement as published chords of the nerves she can play disterments through years of agony which to the onlooker seem unbearable. Yet for Nature this must be said; she pro-| vides for the pain she produces, a certain cure. In some herb of the field, in some bitter bark of the tree, in some rare or common fruit, or in the com-bination of all of these, there is rescue from the grip of pain. The Indian, compelled to look for help to Nature, has found those healing ingredients which, combined in Kickapoo Indian Oil, give It the peculiar power over pain which makes it so remarkable. There is no pain can resist its power. It acts upon the racked nerves like a charm. It throughout the country to any one point cures toothache, headache, earache, neuralgle, rheumatic, and all sudden made by the authorities of the State of and acute pains. It is just as effective California that the lepers of that State for sore throat, chilblains, burns, brus-

To send the lepers of the United States HOBRON DRUG COMPANY, agents to Molokal would be a great wrong and for Kickapoo Medicines.



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